Cool-Season Perennial Grass Options for the Western Corn Belt

D.D. Redfearn*, R.B. Mitchell, K.P. Vogel, J.A. Guretzky, J.C. MacDonald, and T.J. Klopfenstein

D.D. Redfearn and J.A. Guretzky, Department of Agronomy and Horticulture, Univ. of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, NE 68583; R.B. Mitchell and K.P Vogel (retired), USDA-ARS Grain, Forage, and Bioenergy Research Unit, Department of Agronomy and Horticulture, Univ. of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, NE 68583; J.C. MacDonald, and T.J. Klopfenstein, Department of Animal Science, Univ. of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, NE 68583.

* Corresponding author (dredfearn2@unl.edu).

BACKGROUND

- Smooth bromegrass (*Bromus inermis* Leyss.) is widely adapted in Midwest USA
- Meadow bromegrass (Bromus riparius Rehm.)
 - Less productive, but better regrowth
 - Slightly earlier maturity
- Limited information comparing meadow bromegrass to smooth bromegrass



Figure 1. 'Newell' smooth bromegrass and NEBR1 meadow bromegrass.

OBJECTIVE

Compare yearling cattle performance and body weight gain between a newly released smooth bromegrass cultivar and an experimental strain of meadow bromegrass developed for use in the western Corn Belt.

METHODS

- Pastures established in 2009.
- Three bromegrass strains seeded as monocultures.
- Three, 0.4 ha pastures arranged in a CRD.
- ADG and BW gain ha⁻¹ measured from spring grazing of initial growth.
- Forage samples collected weekly from three,
 30 cm x 182 cm quadrats to determine available forage.



Figure 2. NE BR1 meadow bromegrass pasture following 3-yr of grazing.

RESULTS

- Grazing days were 31 d (2011), 37 d
 (2012), and 43 d (2013).
- Mean ADG (Table 1) was similar for Lincoln (1.31 kg hd ⁻¹ d⁻¹) and NEBR1 (1.37 kg hd ⁻¹d⁻¹).
- Newell had greater and more consistent ADG (1.43 kg hd ⁻¹d⁻¹).
- Mean BWG (Table 1) was greater for Newell (158 kg ha⁻¹) than NEBR1 (147 kg ha⁻¹) or Lincoln (141 kg ha⁻¹).
- NEBR1 was less productive during drought.

CONCLUSIONS

- Another option as a component of complementary forage systems.
- NEBR1 similar agronomic, animal performance; excellent recovery.
- NEBR1 adapted to same regions as 'Fleet', 'Paddock', and 'Regar'.
- NEBR 1 meadow bromegrass is less aggressive and invasive than smooth bromegrass.



Table 1. Mean beef average daily gain (ADG) and body weight gain (BWG) per hectare for 2 smooth bromegrass and 1 meadow bromegrass strains. Stocking rate was 3 steers per 0.4 ha per year.

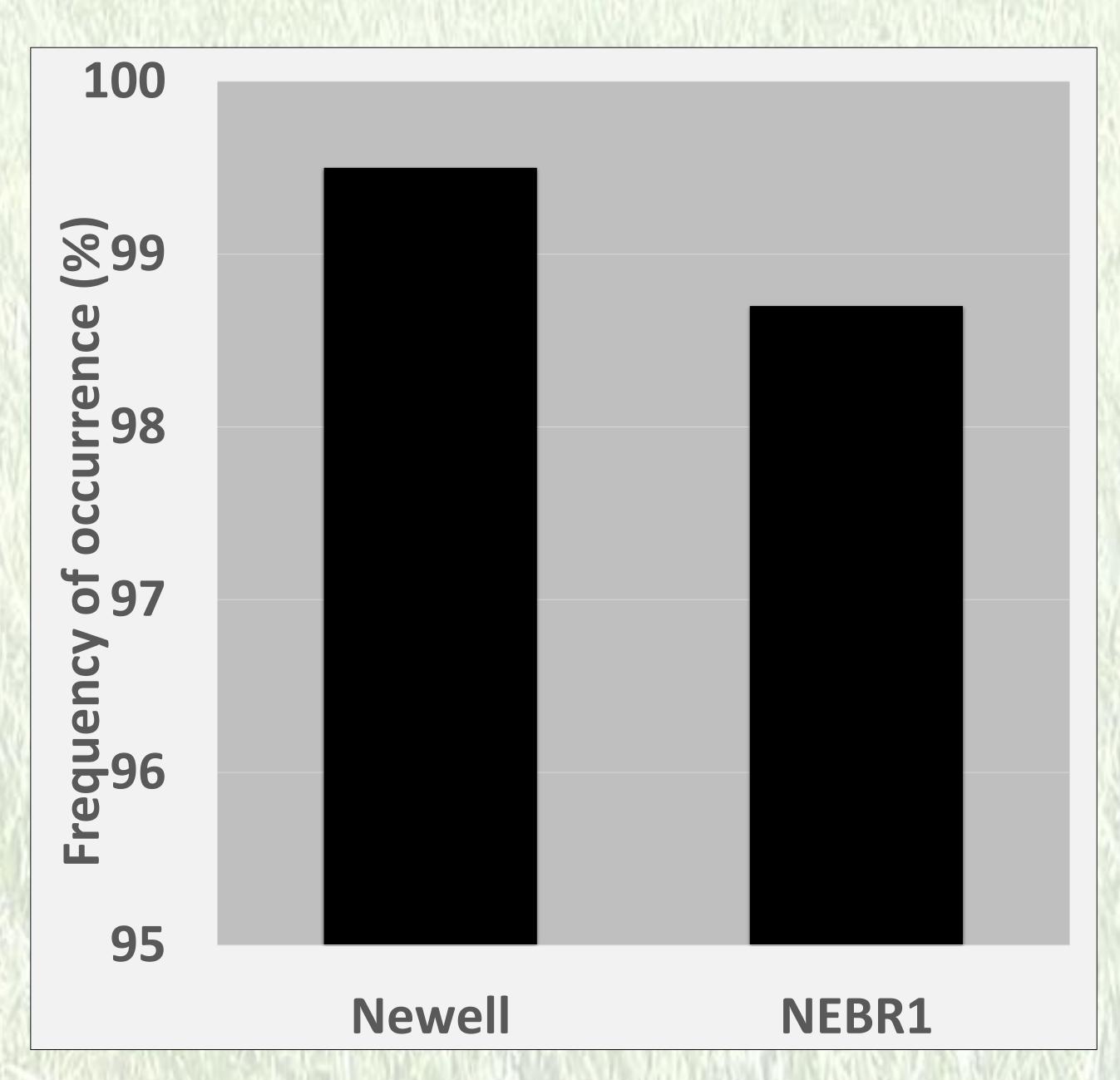


Figure 3. Frequency of occurrence (post-grazing stand counts) taken in 2013 for 'Newell smooth bromegrass and NE BR1 meadow bromegrass.