

Blackeye Cowpea Varietal Improvement for California and the USA Focused on Biotic Stress Resistance

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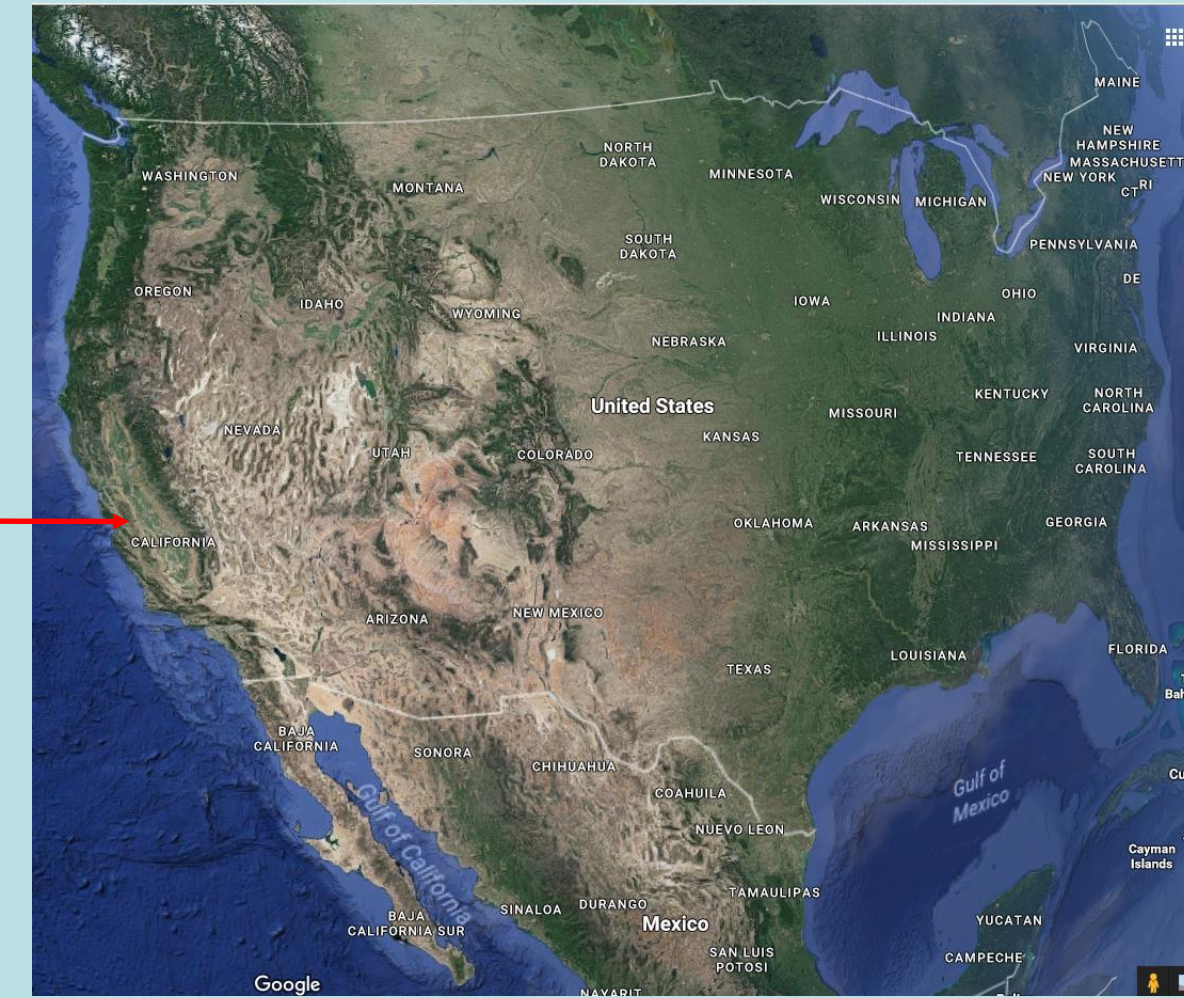
A Crop significance

Blackeye-type cowpeas (*Vigna unguiculata*)
A traditional dry-grain legume in cropping systems in
California and southern USA

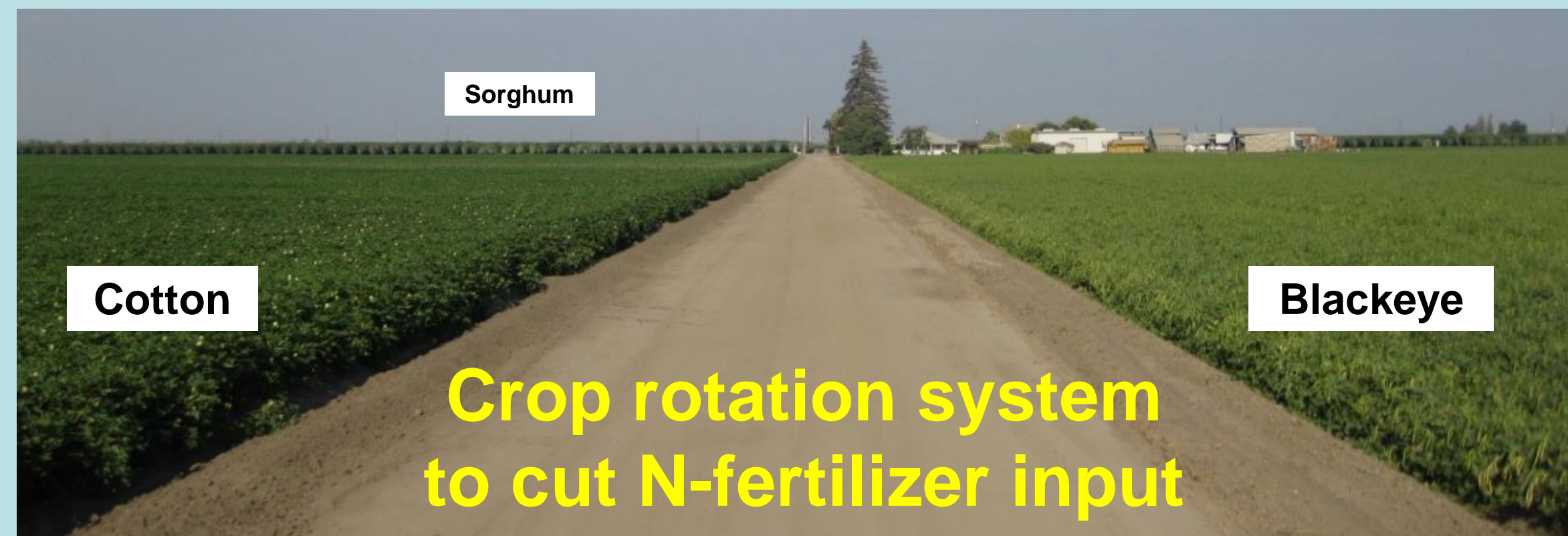
Typical grains
(California
Blackeye 46)



Central Valley of
California



California production field



B Main biotic stresses – targets for resistance breeding



Aphid



Lygus bug

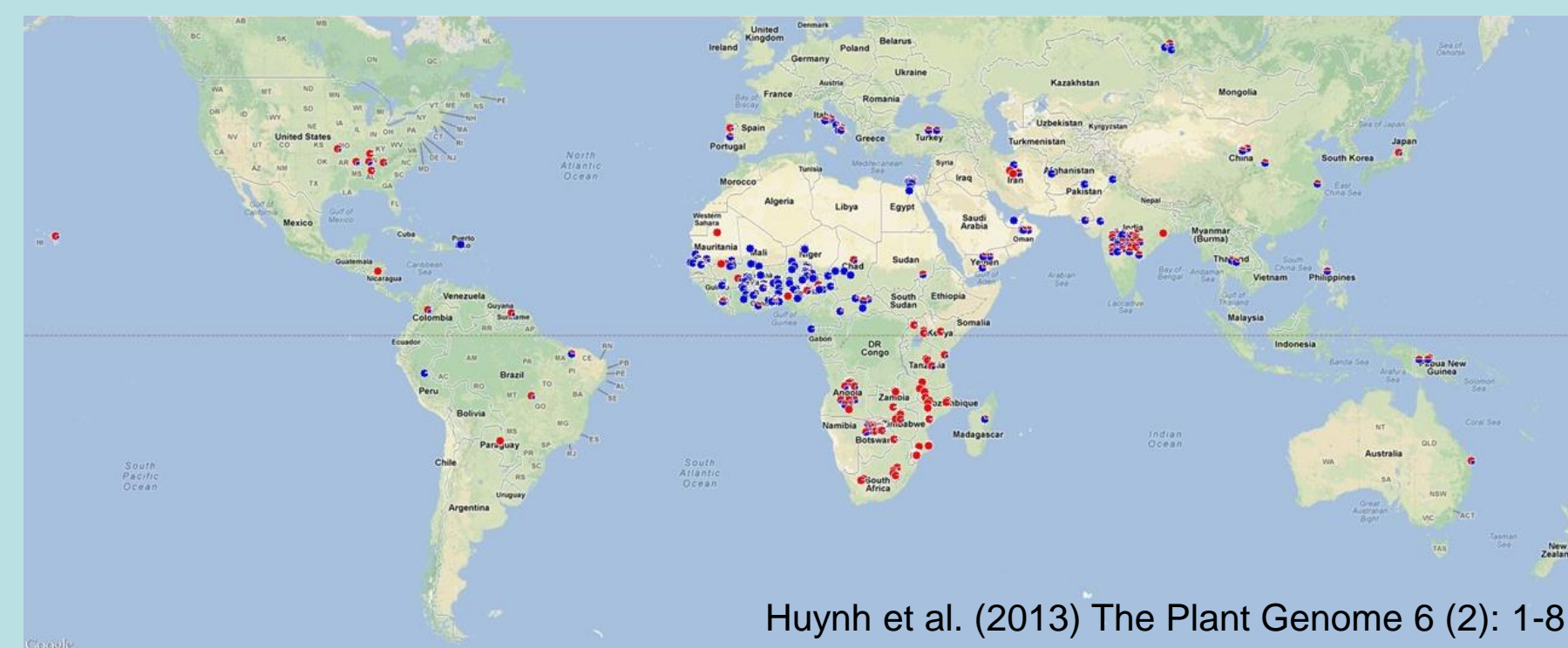
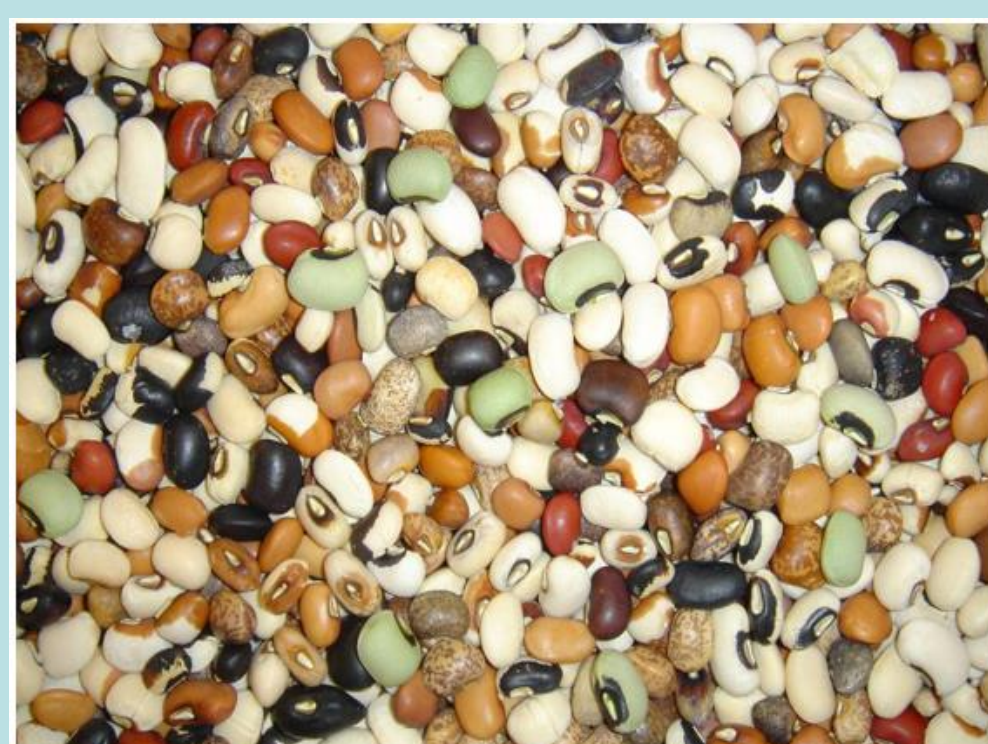


Root-knot nematodes

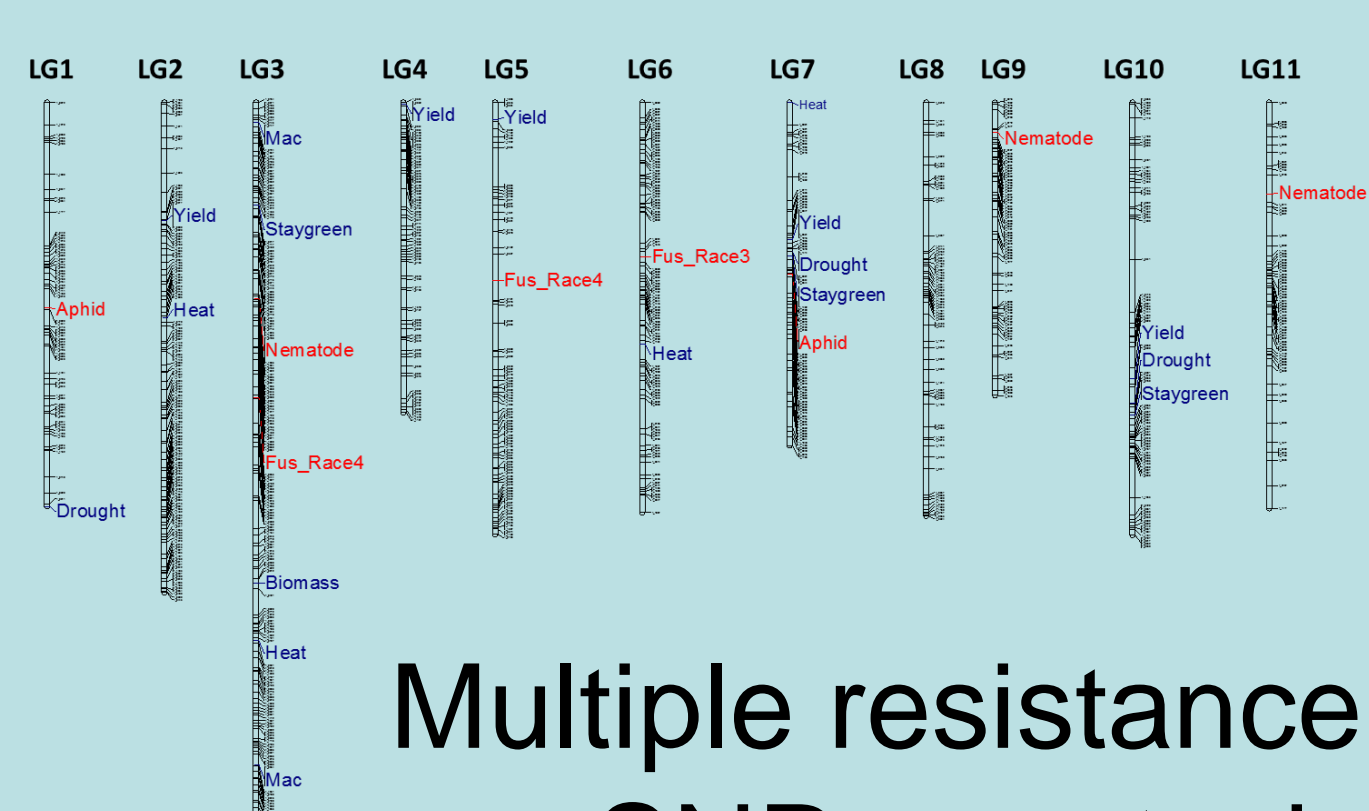


Fusarium wilt

C Genetic/genomic resources



UCR germplasm collection ~ 6,000 accessions
2 primary Genepools ★ ★ centered on West Africa
and Southeast Africa



Multiple resistance sources, QTL haplotypes,
SNP genotyping (60K iSelect, KASP)
and genetic mapping

D Breeding strategy

Greenhouse-grown progeny



Leaf samples for SNP
genotyping



MABC

Highest-background
plant in backcrossing



Only positive-haplotype
plants retained



Nematode
resistance

Aphid
resistance

Fusarium
resistance

Nematode

Aphid

Fusarium

Near-isogenic lines of local varieties
with stacked resistance traits